# Building a Clean Energy Future

Infrastructure, Policy Development and Sustainable Growth

May 16, 2023



# First, a bit about Bruce Power

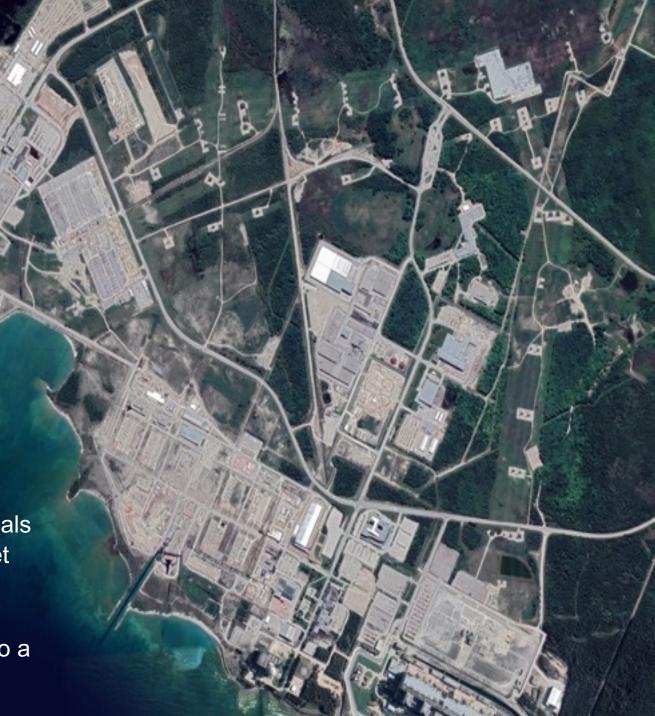
Canada's only private-sector nuclear generator, producing 30% of Ontario's clean, reliable electricity.

A vital source of sterilization and cancer-fighting medical isotopes used globally.

Investing in extending the life of our fleet. Canada's largest private sector infrastructure project

Project 2030 - supports Ontario's climate change goals and future clean energy needs by targeting a site net peak of 7,000 MW+ for the 2030s.

Increasing the output of existing units to contribute to a prosperous, clean energy future



## Clean Energy - Decades of Clean, Reliable Electricity



## Life-Extension Program – Canada's largest private sector infrastructure project

- Lifetime Asset Management Program start 2016
- Major Component Replacement (MCR) in Units 3-8 finish 2033
- Extending the life of the Bruce site until 2064 and beyond



Unit 3 MCR Breaker Open March 1, 2023



Unit 6 MCR
Return to Service
by end of the year





supply chain companies across Ontario and Canada are supported through Bruce Power.

76,000 direct and indirect jobs across Canada supported by the nuclear industry.



of Bruce Power's spend is in Canada, which makes the Life-Extension Program truly a Canadian-led infrastructure project.

## Saving Lives - Cancer-Fighting Medical Isotopes



## Isotopes at Bruce Power

#### Lutetium-177

Produced in the Isotope Production System — a first-of-its-kind solution to produce short-lived medical isotopes in a commercial reactor.

#### Cobalt-60

Cobalt-59 adjuster rods are inserted into the reactor and cobalt-60 is harvested during planned outages.

## 40+ million

nuclear medicine procedures are performed worldwide each year using isotopes, with approximately 36 million for diagnostic nuclear medicine and four million for therapy.

Cancer-fighting medical isotopes

Made-in-Ontario
Isotope Production
System (IPS) installed
in Bruce Power's
Unit 7 in 2022.



24/7

The IPS will
leverage
Bruce Power's
continuous
operation
to provide a
consistent and
scalable supply of
cancer-fighting
isotopes.

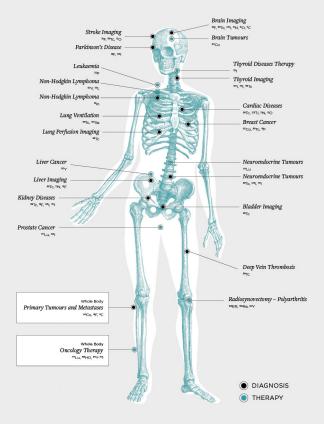
Medical-grade cobalt-60 is used to treat complex brain cancers and conditions through non-invasive procedures.

## Commercial production

of lutetium-177 announced — October 2022, a world's first for large-scale nuclear reactor.



## Isotope use for diagnosis and therapy



European Industrial Association for Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Healthcare

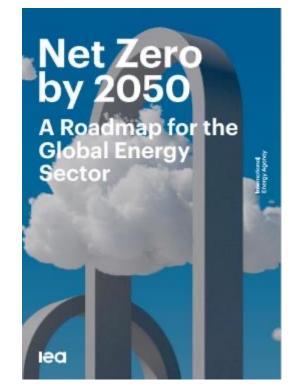
40%

of the world's single-use medical equipment is sterilize with cobalt-60.

## Decarbonizing the Global Economy

## The International Energy Agency's Net Zero by 2050 Roadmap outlines more than 400 milestones:

- Massive deployment of all available clean energy technologies between now and 2030
- Annual energy sector investment, which averaged US\$2.3 trillion globally in recent years, will need to jump to \$5 trillion by 2030
- Clean energy innovation, introducing new clean technologies
- Rapid shift away from fossil fuels
- Electricity generation will need to reach net-zero emissions globally by 2040 to ensure reliable supply



Source: IEA (2021), Net Zero by 2050, IEA, Paris



"As a major source of global emissions, the energy sector holds the key to responding to the world's climate challenges." – IEA Net Zero by 2050





## Federal Energy and Environment Policy

#### Commitments:

- Reducing emissions by 40 to 45% by 2030
- Securing a net-zero electricity grid by 2035
- Achieving carbon neutrality by 2050

#### Drivers:

- Federal commitment to NZ-2035
- Response to U.S. Inflation Reduction Act
- Energy security

#### Policy:

- Canada Growth Fund arm's-length, public investment vehicle. Attract private capital for Canada's clean economy
- Investment Tax Credits Clean Electricity Investment Tax Credit, Clean Technology Manufacturing Investment Tax Credit, Clean Hydrogen Investment Tax Credit
- Clean Electricity Regulation all provinces to have net-zero emissions by 2035

#### • Permitting:

streamline a daunting regulatory, approval and permitting process



## Canadian Energy Security

- Several studies\* found electricity demand to increase
  - from 500 TWh to between 1,250- 2,000 TWh by 2050, with most scenarios estimating demand of 1,500 TWh
- RBC report: Canada faces a \$2 trillion transition
  - Governments, businesses and communities would spend at least \$60 billion/year to cut Canada's emissions by 75% from current levels
  - Significant jump from current spend of about \$15 billion/year
- Transition in energy and a shift to minerals
  - Shift from fuels (coal, oil and gas) to minerals (uranium, lithium, cobalt, nickel, etc.)

#### What does this mean?

Using only one power generation type, additional capabilities required to add 1,000 TWh\*:

- 115 1,100 MW sized large hydro reservoirs similar in capacity to BC Hydro's Site C project
- 114 1000 MW sized large nuclear reactors (e.g., 19 sites the size of Bruce Power)
- 380 300 MW small modular reactors
- **20,000 10 MW** sized wind turbines
- 4,000 GW+ of aggregate solar capacities

Source: \*\*SNC-Lavalin Engineering Net Zero Report, 2021

## Reaching 2050 and Beyond

# Successfully reaching net zero by 2050 and meeting our energy needs will into the future will require:

- A diverse, clean energy supply mix
- Energy as well as capacity supply
- Strong, stable baseload supply nuclear, hydro, CCUS
- Intermittent resources wind and solar, backed up by storage or ramping resources
- Complementary technologies such as hydrogen
- Reliable and resilient electric grid integrated resource plan and rules



## **Ontario Energy System Themes and Priorities**

- IESO Pathways to Decarbonization (P2D) report: hydro expansion, incremental nuclear, hybrids and stand-alone storage, limited expansion of existing gas assets
- Ontario Clean Energy Credit and Future Clean Energy Fund supports clean energy development
- Interest in exploring hydrogen and CCS, DERs and smart grid innovations.
- Challenge Time and competing priorities. Reliability is central, with affordability, sustainability and consumer choice

## 17,800 MW

Added nuclear capacity needed in Ontario by 2050 to decarbonize, overall capacity more than doubling to 88,000 MW

Source: Independent Electricity System Operator Pathways to Decarbonization 2022 Report

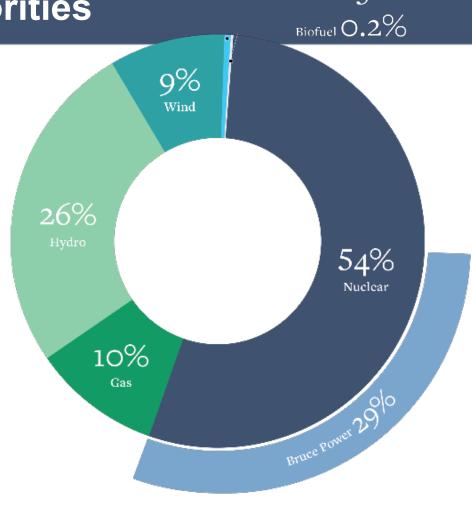


Figure 1: Electricity output by fuel type 2022



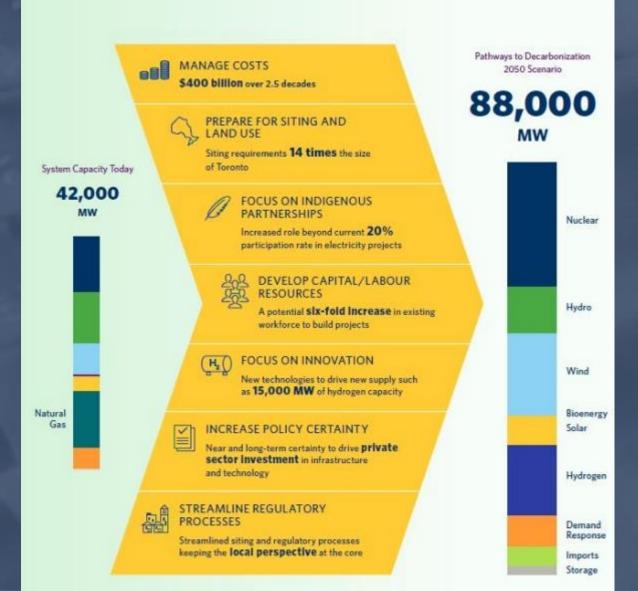
Solar **0.5**%

## PATHWAYS TO DECARBONIZATION

# **Decarbonizing Ontario**

# Decarbonizing Ontario's Electricity System

Bridging the work of today with the needs of a decarbonized world will be challenging and complex. Ontario's electricity system is well positioned to make the transition, but will need to address a series of challenges in order to achieve decarbonization.





#### PATHWAYS TO DECARBONIZATION

### No regret actions

- Accelerate efforts to acquire new non-emitting supply
- Begin planning, siting and environmental assessment work needed for new nuclear, long duration storage and hydroelectric facilities, as well as transmission infrastructure, to allow for faster implementation.
- Invest in emerging technologies like low-carbon fuels.
- Galvanize collaboration amongst stakeholders and Indigenous communities.
- Ensure that regulatory, approval and permitting processes are ready to manage future investment at scale.
- Establish an open, transparent and traceable process to measure progress



### Regulatory Modernization

- Reaching net zero requires an aligned regulatory environment flexibility, transparency and predictability
- Address siting of new electricity generation existing footprints backed by supportive communities provide opportunities
- Cost recovery mechanisms for private-sector investors to progress project planning/siting
- Optimize impact assessment process
- De-risk and address barriers to private sector investment in new and growth technologies (hydrogen, next generation nuclear, battery storage)
- Codify tax incentives CRA to promptly publish announced incentives

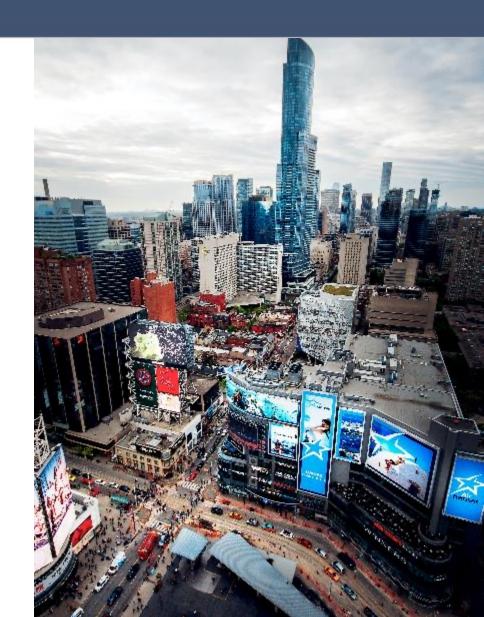


Permitting timelines need streamlined to ensure a just energy transition.



## Financing a Sustainable Future

- Green bonds Canada is leading the way in nuclear green bonds
- Tax credits and green frameworks Clean Electricity Investment Tax Credit, Clean Technology Manufacturing Tax Credit
- Clean energy credits further decarbonize grid
- Long-term power purchase agreements entire lifecycle and capital cost of investment considered to attract private capital
- Canadian Infrastructure Bank supporting private sector investment, P3s
- Support for Indigenous participation Budget 2023 announced loans to Indigenous communities to support in purchasing equity stakes in infrastructure projects in which the Bank is also investing



## **Working Together for a Cleaner Future**



